

Security Checklist for Standalone ATMs & ITMs

Stand-alone ATMs and ITMs are vulnerable to what is sometimes called smash-and-grab attacks. These machines may be located in drive-up islands at branches or at off-site locations, often unalarmed or minimally alarmed. Such attacks can cause significant losses that include property damage to the building, damage to the ATM/ITM and theft of cash. Even unsuccessful attacks can cause a tremendous amount of property damage and destroy an ATM/ITM.



THIS CHECKLIST IS PROVIDED TO ASSIST YOU AS YOU INSPECT AND ASSESS THE PHYSICAL AND ALARM SECURITY OF EXISTING OR NEW PURCHASES OF ATM/ITMS.

1. What is the CEN Rating?

The higher the CEN grade, the greater resistance to tool attacks such as grinders, acetylene torches and drills due to the added reinforcement within the safe body and doors. The Gas Explosive protection is offered on the higher security CEN 3 and CEN 4 graded safes. CEN 3 with Gas Explosive protection (GasEx) should be the lowest level offered to standalone drive-up island units due to the traditional location of these deployments.

- CEN 1
- CEN 3
- CEN 4
- CEN 3 GasEx
- CEN 4 GasEx

2. Have you installed a Safe Slot Reinforcement Kit?

This removes all available space surrounding the dispenser/deposit aperture and reinforces the area around them. This makes it more difficult to damage the module transports and insert a hook through the aperture in the safe door.

- Yes
- No

3. Is the ATM/ITM alarmed?

- Safe alarm
 - Door contact
 - Seismic detector
 - Heat
 - Capacitance
- Exterior Audible Alarm
- Strobe Lights

4. Is the area around the ATM well lighted?

- Yes
- No

5. Are there deterrents to prevent an easy runaway (so a truck can't speed away quickly)?

- Yes
- No

6. Are there cameras around the ATM?

- Yes
- No

7. Are GPS trackers or ink staining used (to locate the cash or rendering it useless)?

- Yes
- No

8. Are standalone ATM/ITMs encased and anchored (see below photo) to deter attack?

- Yes
- No

